

Sitting Posture & Computer Ergonomics

Functional Sitting Positions

<u>Forward ready position:</u> perch on the edge of the chair, lean into desk while maintaining low back arch and avoid rounding shoulders forward. This position works especially well for writing. <u>Upright functional ready position:</u> the typical upright posture with the back supported or, if the seat is tilted, sitting for short periods of time without using the backrest to work on postural endurance. <u>Semi-reclining position:</u> use if the chair has a reclining feature. This position may work best while talking on the phone if there is little or no need to write.

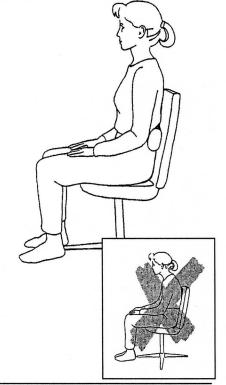
Standing: Rest one hand on the desk and bend at hips if needing to write.

Lumbar Support Cushion

- A lumbar roll, small pillow or towel roll can be used
- Sit all the way to the back of the seat and place the support in the small of the back.
- The support should maintain the natural curve of the back
- More support may be necessary on a softer chair

Stress Wedge Cushion

- Place the stress wedge at the back of the seat with the thickest part to the back
- Sit all the way to the back of the seat on the wedge
- The stress wedge will tilt the pelvis to help maintain the natural curve of the back
- The stress wedge can be used alone or with the lumbar support



Computer Ergonomics

Balanced Posture Alignment

✓ Ears and shoulders in line with hips

Height Adjustment

- ✓ Feet flat on floor, or use a foot stool
- ✓ Keep thighs parallel to floor, create 90-110 degree hip angle
- ✓ Ensure leg clearance from desk or keyboard tray

Lower Back Support

- ✓ Adjust lumbar support to maintain an erect sitting posture
- ✓ Add lumbar support if needed

Seat Pan

- ✓ Depth of seat should allow two finger widths behind knee
- ✓ Tilt at 30 degree angle, or add stress wedge

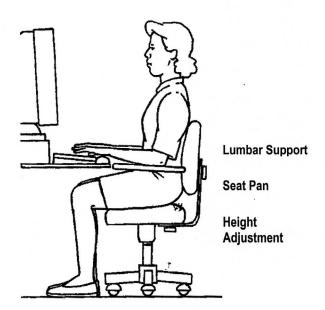
Neutral Typing Position

- ✓ Use an adjustable chair, keyboard tray, or desk/table to achieve the "neutral position" of a straight hand, wrist and forearm
- ✓ Arm rests ½ inch above elbows and ½ inch below the desk
- ✓ Keep upper and lower arms at a 90 degree angle
- Position mouse close to keyboard to minimize reaching and twisting

Viewing Angles and Distance

- ✓ Position monitor, keyboard and chair in a straight line
- ✓ Top of monitor screen at or slightly below eye horizon.
- ✓ Comfortable distance to read monitor (typically 15-30 inches)
- ✓ Adjust brightness, contrast and color to comfortable levels
- ✓ Avoid glare by positioning away from windows and direct lights
- ✓ Keep written work materials propped up near monitor screen on a document holder to avoid repetitive neck movement

Monitor Height & Distance



Laptops

- Place on an elevated surface
- Add an external monitor, keyboard, and mouse
- Use a port replicator or docking station
- Keep wrists neutral
- Rest forearms or elbows on work surface to avoid strain
- Avoid using on couch or recliner